



# Fermengator

A data acquisition system  
for cacao fermentation

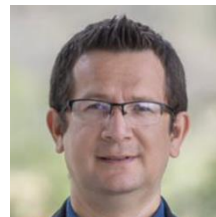
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# Acknowledgements



NSF – IRES Award # 2107424 : The Broad Impact of Flavor, A Research Experience on Metabolomics of Microbial Populations during Cacao Fermentation



# 2025 IRES Cohort



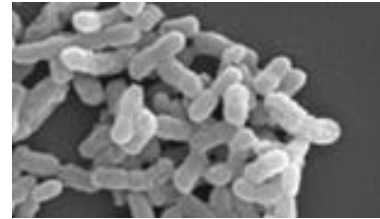
# A very complex problem



10 major genetic groups



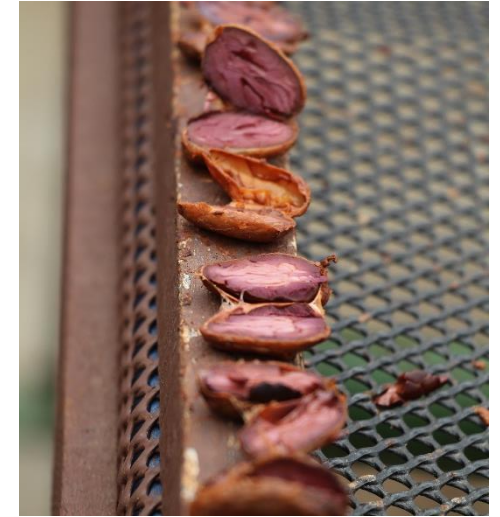
Varying composition  
Incl. amount of mucilage  
and maturity



Varying yeast and  
bacterial  
populations



Pathogens



Varying results

# Cacao Fermentation

2<sup>nd</sup> removal  
(96 h)

Black

(Dayn



Different fermenter designs  
 Conflicting reports  
 Myths  
 No standard set of reported data  
 No small-scale fermenters for smallholders

- Minimizes variability,
- Easy to operate,
- Affordable, and
- Farmers willing to use?

# Objectives

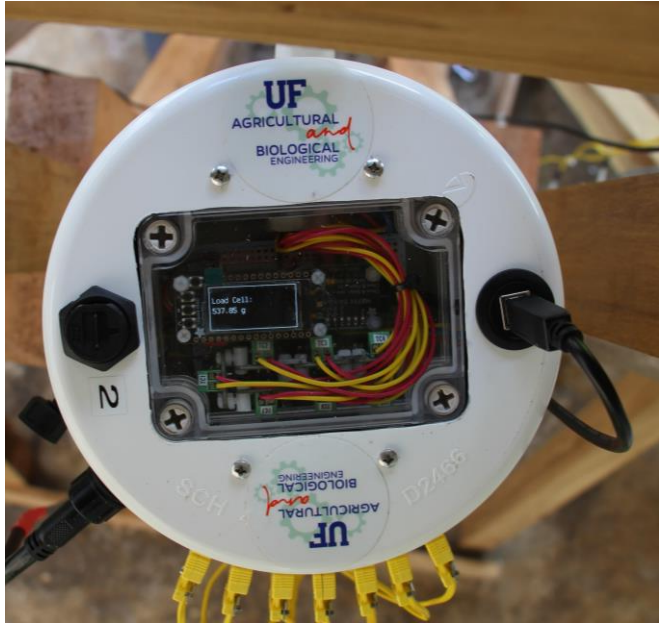
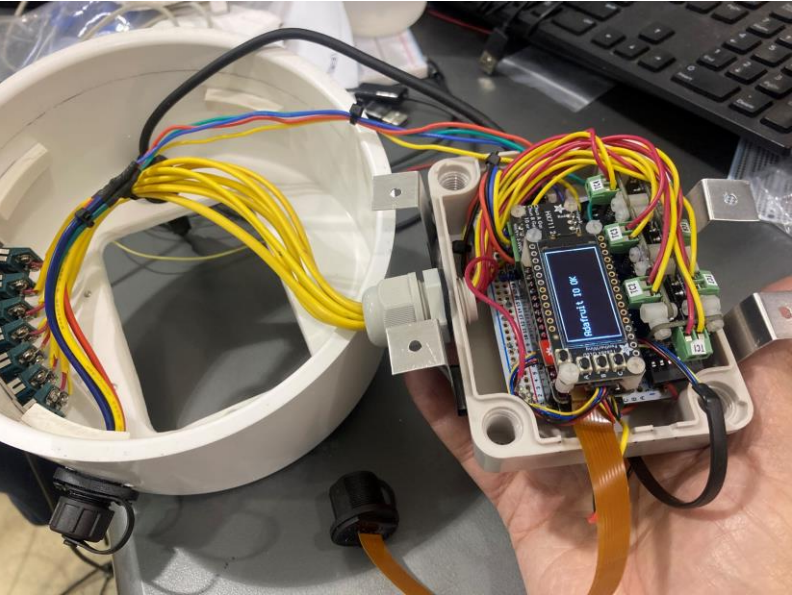
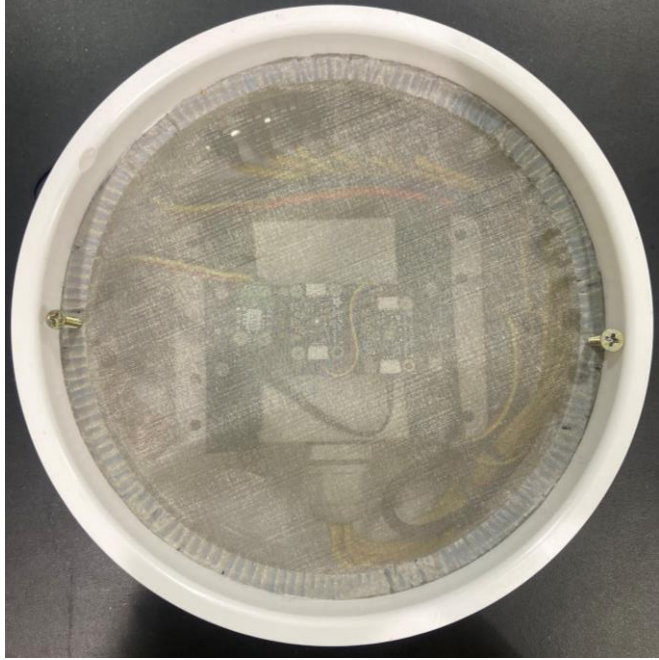
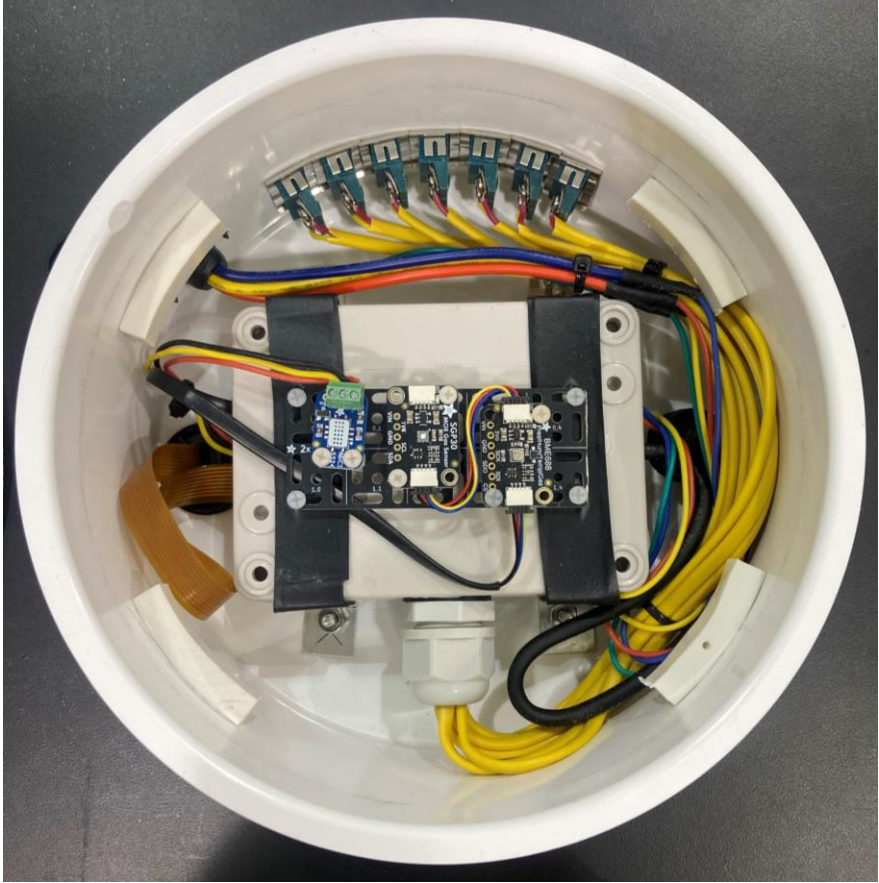
- To fabricate a low-cost data acquisition system for research on cacao fermentation.
  - Multi-sensor (Temperature, pressure, humidity, VOCs, weight)
  - Data logging
  - IO capability
  - Real-time display
- To test a low-cost, small-scale (25 kg) cacao fermenter

# Anatomy

- 7 thermocouples
- Pressure sensor
- Humidity sensor
- Processor temperature
- 4 gas sensors
- Load cell
- datalogger



# Anatomy



# Anatomy



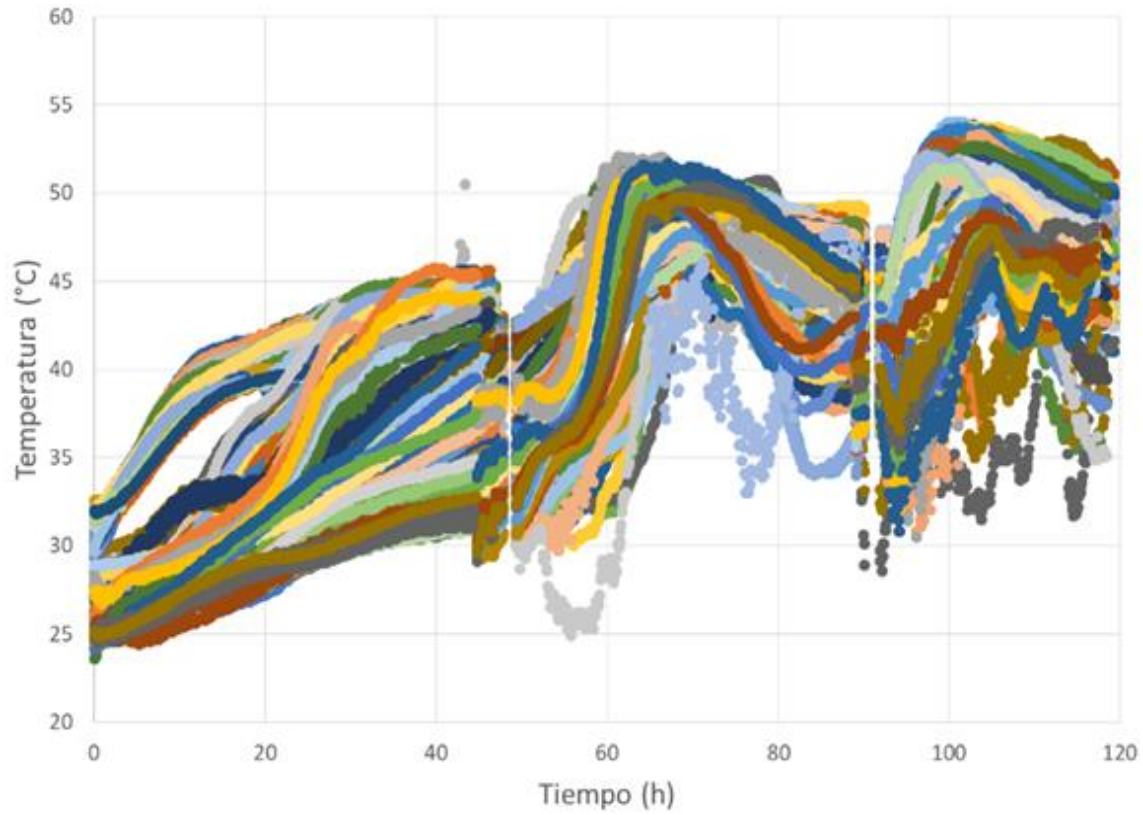
# Strategies to reduce variability

- Use starter cultures
  - Select adequate yeasts and bacteria

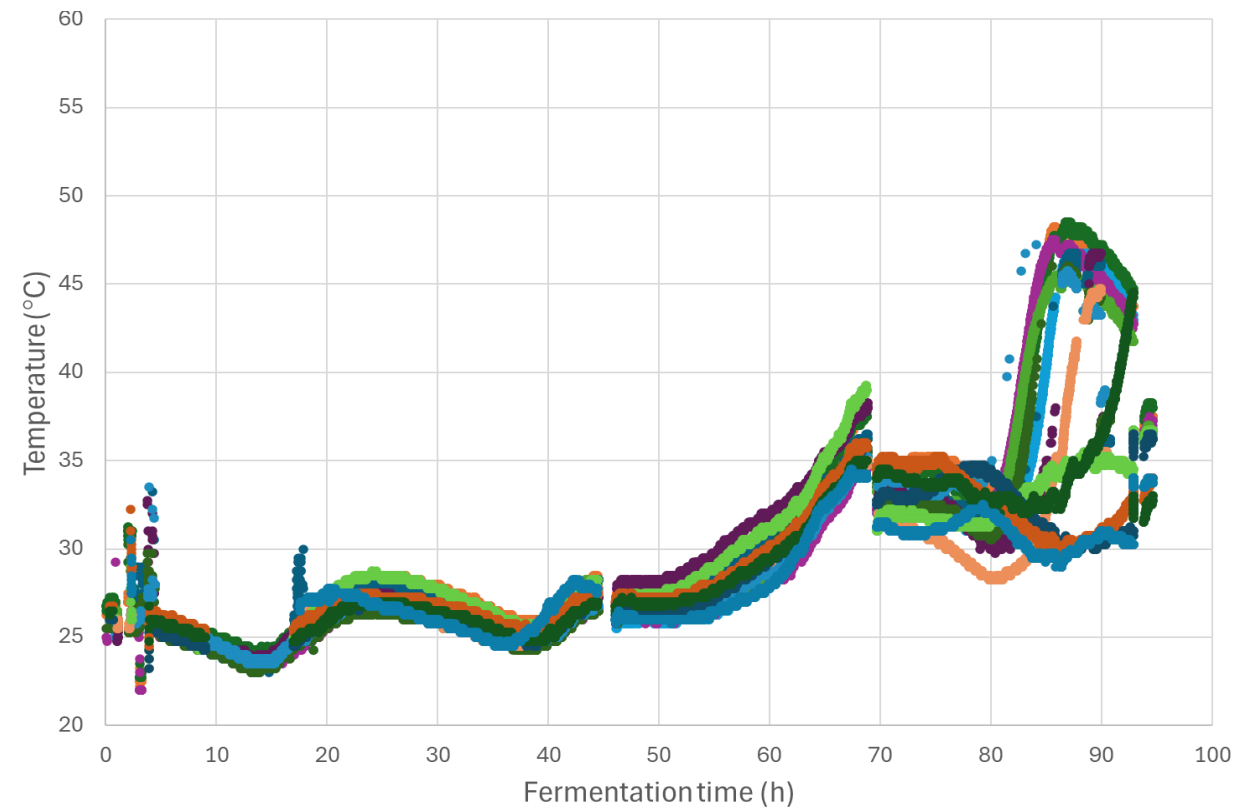


- Design small-scale fermentors
  - For research
  - For smallholders

# Results

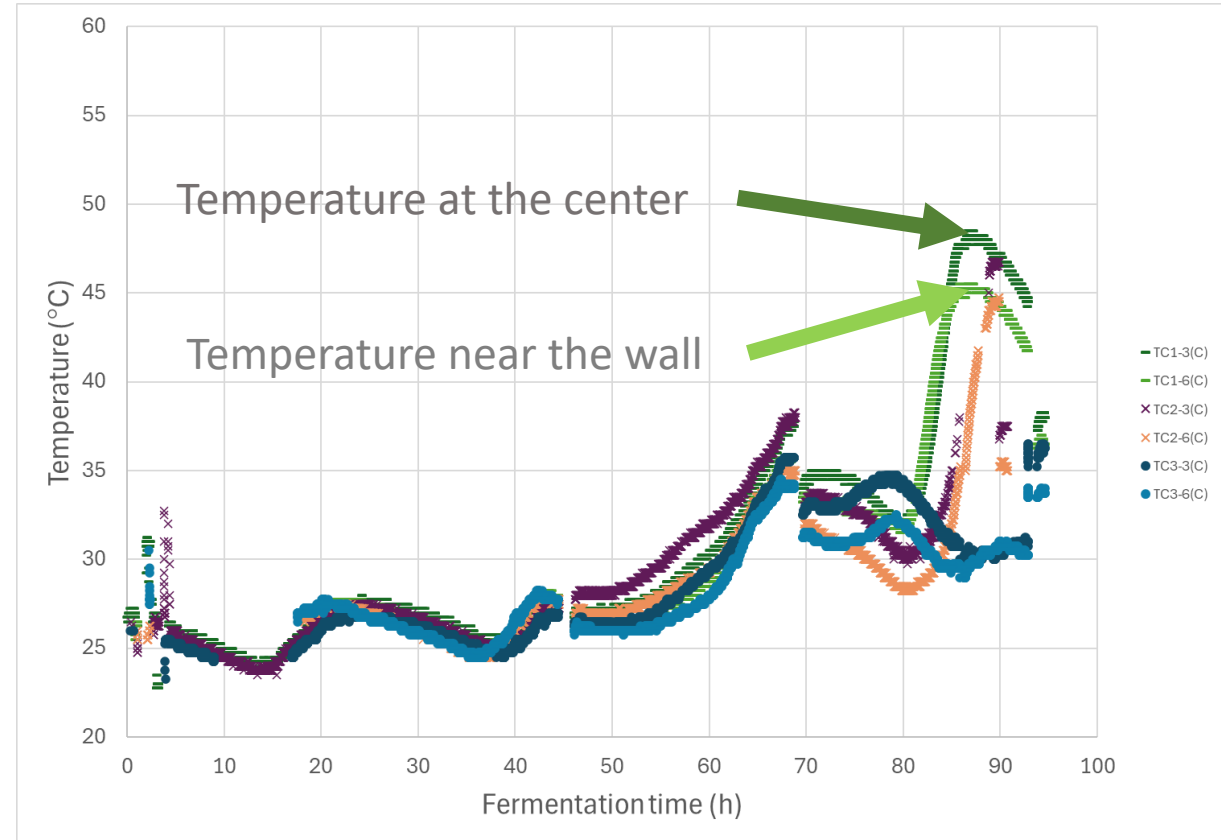
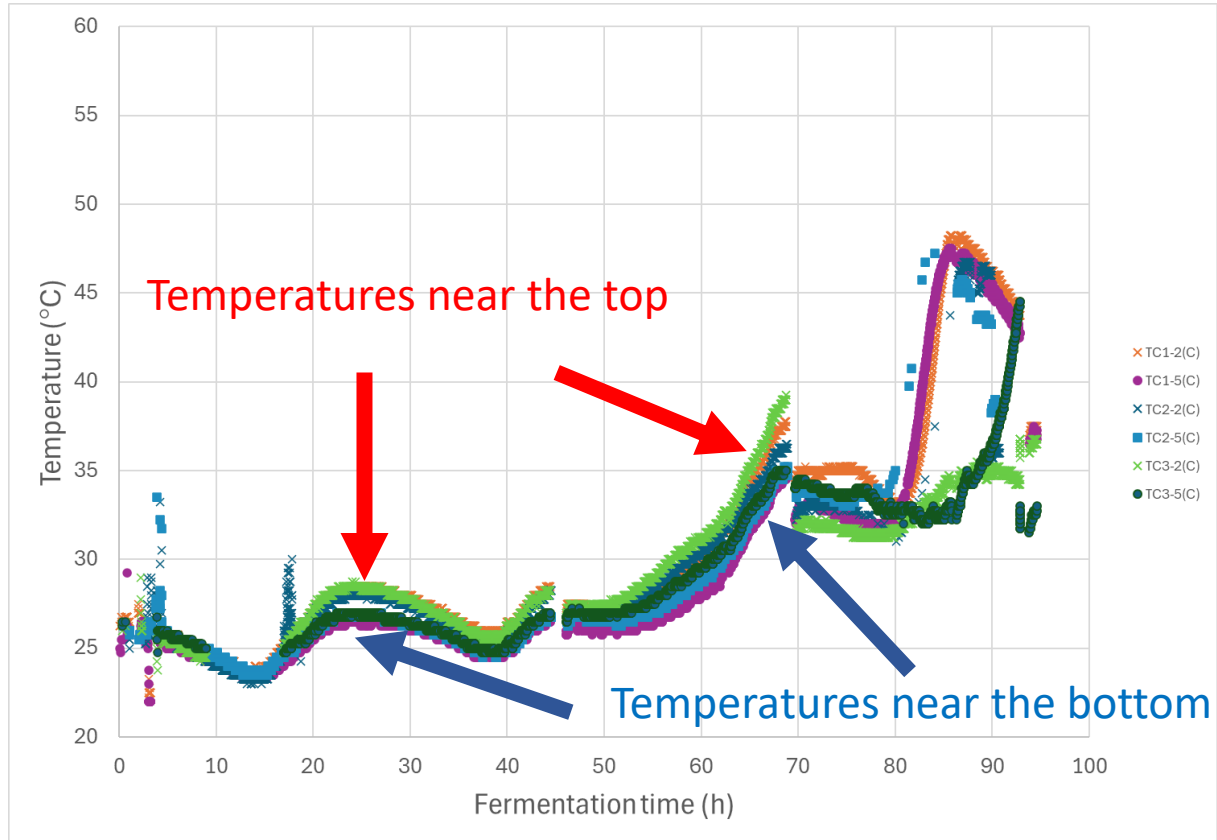


6 batches x 27 thermocouple locations = 162 curves

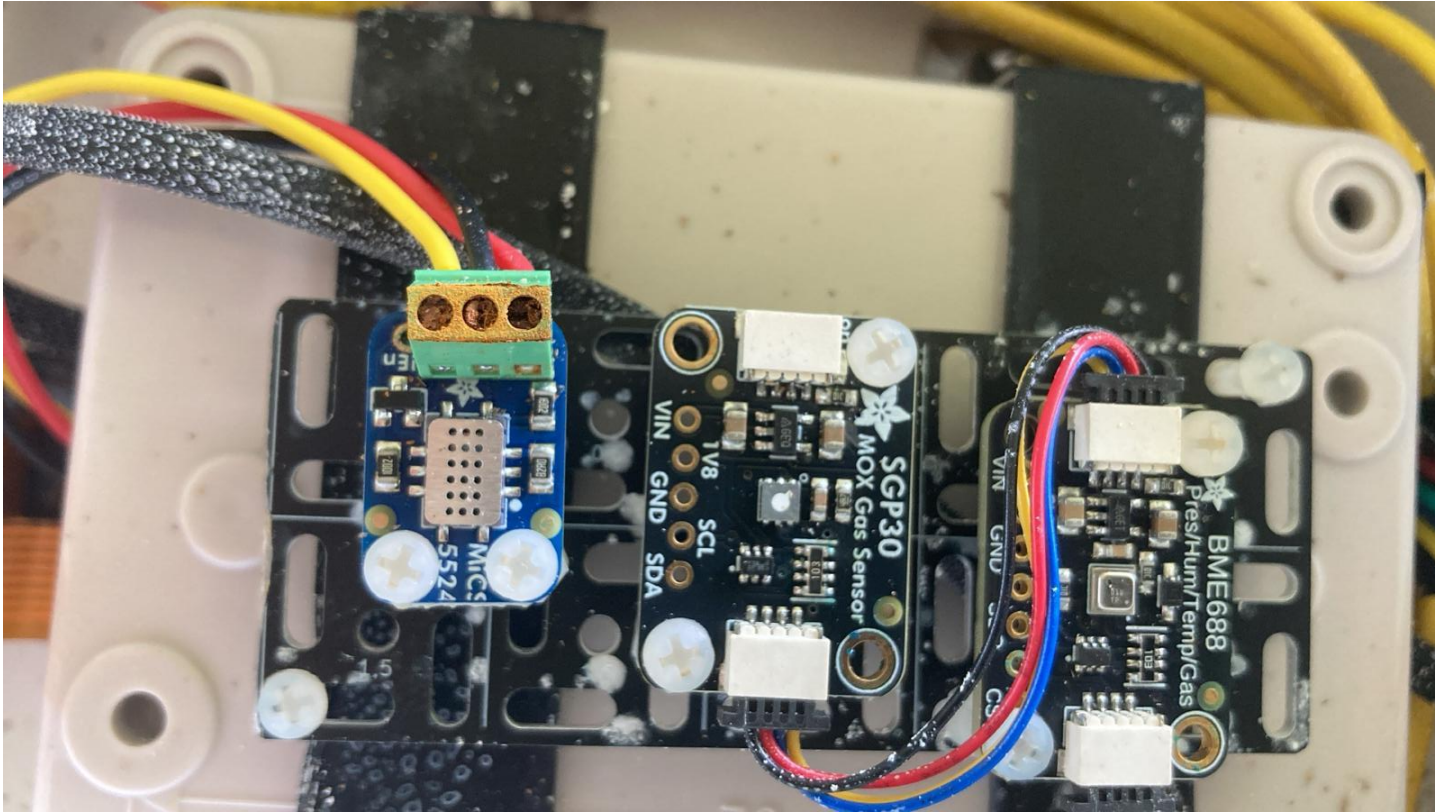


3 batches x 6 thermocouple locations = 18 curves

# Results from the first batch



# Challenges



# Conclusions

- The fermenter design produced uniform temperature distributions at each locations and to assess temperature differences with cacao depth.
- Insulation must be improved to minimize radial heat losses
- Temperature and lixiviate data collection is reliable.
- Gas setup must be modified to prevent sensor overload and failure.
- Metal connections must be insulated from corrosive VOCs
- Gas sensor calibration must be reassessed

Thank you!

