Statistical Machine Learning, 3 credits

STA6703 section MAIN, class # 23006; (see One.UF for async and REC sections) *Class Periods:* Tuesdays and Thursdays, periods 4-5 (10:40 AM - 12:35 PM) *Location:* online sync (enroll in async only if you have a minor schedule conflict with MAIN)

Academic Term: Fall 2025

Instructor:

Dr. Nikolay Bliznyuk <u>Email</u>: nbliznyuk@ufl.edu

Phone: 352-392-1864 (only by prior appointment) Office Hours: office hours by Zoom, times TBA

Teaching Assistant/Peer Mentor/Supervised Teaching Student:

Please contact through the Canvas website

• TBA

Course Description

Methodology and application of tools of statistical (machine) learning targeted at graduate students in engineering, applied statistics/biostatistics and quantitative life sciences. Statistical approaches to machine learning are emphasized in order to expand on and complement existing courses in engineering. Application and the intuition behind statistical methods rather than formal derivations and full mathematical justification of the procedures are prioritized. Beginning in Fall 2025, we may be able to offer a "Python option" for the labs/assignments, subject to popular demand from students and TA support.

Course Pre-Requisites / Co-Requisites

Prerequisites: calculus-based probability and statistics (e.g., EGN6446 or PHC6092 or STA5328) or permission of the instructor. Additionally, knowledge of scientific/statistical computing (e.g., in R, Python or Matlab) and undergraduate mathematics (multivariate calculus and linear algebra) appropriate for a graduate student in data sciences will be assumed. A prior course in applied linear regression (e.g., STA6093 or STA6166 or at undergrad level) is helpful (but not required). A short pretest will be given on the first day of classes to determine if a student has prerequisites met.

Course Objectives

- Learn the language of and the principles behind predictive modeling and model validation
- Learn and be able to use R and Python to implement and apply different classes of statistical learning methods and interpret results
- Establish command of methods through homework, exams and potentially a final project
- Reinforce the use of R as a statistical computing language for data science for statistical inference, prediction, scientific computing and data visualization

Materials and Supply Fees

None

Required Textbooks and Software

- An introduction to statistical learning
- James, G., Witten, D., Hastie, T., & Tibshirani, R.
- 2021, 2st ed, latest printing (see www.statlearning.com), Springer
- ISBN 1071614177
- The Elements of Statistical Learning; (this is known as the ESL book)
- Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R., Friedman, J.
- 2009, 2nd ed, Springer
- ISBN 0387848576

Electronic versions of both textbooks are freely available from Trevor Hastie's webpage. R/Python languages and appropriate computing environments (e.g., R Studio Anaconda) are freely available

Recommended Materials

N/A

Required Computer

Recommended Computer Specifications: https://it.ufl.edu/get-help/student-computer-recommendations/

Course Schedule

| Week | Topics | | |
|------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Course logistics; introduction to SML; nearest neighbors | | |
| 2 | Calculus-based probability: essential review of rvs, independence, moments, etc | | |
| 3 | Mathematical statistics: essential review of estimation and hypothesis testing | | |
| 4 | Maximum likelihood estimation (MLE) and its connections with Bayesian inference | | |
| 5 | Linear regression essentials | | |
| 6 | Linear regression in matrix form and its extensions | | |
| 7 | Classification: logistic regression; discriminant analysis and its flavors | | |
| 8 | Out-of-sample performance metrics: cross-validation and ROC curves | | |
| | Take-home midterm exam | | |
| 9 | Model selection and regularization; penalized regression (ridge, lasso) | | |
| 10 | Spline-based models, generalized additive models | | |
| 11 | Classification and decision trees (single) | | |
| 12 | Ensembles of trees: bagging, random forest, gradient boosting | | |
| 13 | Support Vector Machines | | |
| 14 | Unsupervised learning: dimension reduction and clustering | | |
| 15 | Advanced topics (high-dimensional inference, multiple testing, deep learning, etc) | | |
| | Project report OR take-home final exam | | |

Depending on the typical student background, the above schedule may be adjusted to reflect the interests of the class (e.g., less time on the probability and statistics review and more time on advanced topics).

Evaluation of Grades

| Assignment | Total Points | Percentage of Final Grade |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| Homework Sets (8) | 100 each | 25% |
| Quizzes (8) | 100 each | 25% |
| Midterm Exam | 100 | 25% |
| Final Exam or Project | 100 | 25% |
| | | 100% |

Quizzes (online, in Canvas) and homework assignments will be closely matched to the course topics and will span approximately 4 hours of lectures. All quizzes and all homework sets will be weighted equally by converting the score to the 100-point scale first. Both midterm and final exams are take-home.

Project details are provided at the end of the syllabus in the supplements. Tentatively, the option of course project will only be available if the enrollment is not excessively high to allow it to be graded in time before the university-mandated deadline.

Grading Policy

Tentatively, the following grading scale will be adopted; grades may be curved to the advantage of students.

| Percent | Grade | Grade Points |
|-------------|-------|---------------------|
| 93.4 - 100 | A | 4.00 |
| 90.0 - 93.3 | A- | 3.67 |
| 86.7 - 89.9 | B+ | 3.33 |
| 83.4 - 86.6 | В | 3.00 |
| 80.0 - 83.3 | B- | 2.67 |
| 76.7 - 79.9 | C+ | 2.33 |
| 73.4 - 76.6 | С | 2.00 |
| 70.0 - 73.3 | C- | 1.67 |
| 66.7 - 69.9 | D+ | 1.33 |
| 63.4 - 66.6 | D | 1.00 |
| 60.0 - 63.3 | D- | 0.67 |
| 0 - 59.9 | Е | 0.00 |

Academic Policies & Resources

To support consistent and accessible communication of university-wide student resources, instructors must include this link to academic policies and campus resources: https://go.ufl.edu/syllabuspolicies. Instructor-specific guidelines for courses must accommodate these policies.

Commitment to a Positive Learning Environment

The Herbert Wertheim College of Engineering values varied perspectives and lived experiences within our community and is committed to supporting the University's core values.

If you feel like your performance in class is being impacted by discrimination or harassment of any kind, please contact your instructor or any of the following:

- Your academic advisor or Graduate Coordinator
- HWCOE Human Resources, 352-392-0904, student-support-hr@eng.ufl.edu
- Pam Dickrell, Associate Dean of Student Affairs, 352-392-2177, pld@ufl.edu

Supplements:

A: a brief FAQ; B: prerequisites and materials for review; C: project information.

SUPPLEMENT A. A BRIEF FAQ:

- 1. I am an ABE grad student. Does this course count for the "analytics" or "math" requirement? Yes for both.
- 2. I am an ABE grad student. Does this course count towards 18 required ABE credits? Yes.
- 3. Is the class math heavy? This is not a pure math class but math notation and logical reasoning will be used extensively to communicate ideas precisely and succinctly.
- 4. Do I need prior exposure to statistics to take this class? This is highly recommended but not required. Any first (graduate) course in statistical methods spends considerable effort on regression and its flavors that are considered to be "linear" statistical methods. The SML course will primarily deal with "nonlinear" methods that extend the "linear" methods. One really needs some practice with regression to appreciate the need for the "nonlinear" methods.
- 5. Why do I need to know "basic undergraduate engineering math" (linear algebra, multivariate calculus, calculus-based probability)? How much do I need? *In order to save your precious time in order to get done as much as possible ML-wise. We'll review these early in the course in the context of linear regression.*
- 6. Do I need to know how to program to take this class? You do not need to be a professional, but you need to be very comfortable with basic scientific/statistical computing; e.g., reading and writing scripts and functions, expressing ideas in pseudo-code, summarizing results graphically, etc.
- 7. I noticed from the syllabus that R will be the language/environment of choice; I have not used R but I am quite comfortable with Matlab/C/Java/Python. Not a problem; you'll be able to pick up basic R very fast. See the previous item and think of R scripts as pseudo-code. Advanced programming in R (environments, nonstandard evaluation, mixing R with other languages) is nontrivial but won't be used in this course (unless you specifically want to use it for your project). Effective Fall 2022, all assignments will be duplicated using Python that may be used on early assignments. You are expected to learn basic R eventually though, but that will be easy and this will be time well spent.
- 8. I can read and write basic R scripts but I am still not very effective using this for anything above small scale. Not a problem; assignments will involve only a modest amount of R; for the final project, other languages/environments will be allowed.
- 9. I am a doctoral stats/biostats student. The course has only modest prerequisites; will I be bored? *Not at all; more ambitious/nontrivial options for homework and projects will be presented, unless you already have mastered the ESL book.*
- 10. I am not a doctoral stats/biostats student. Will I have to compete with stats/biostats doctoral students to get an A in the class? Not at all; you will be mainly competing with your own level prior to this course. Some of the best-performing students in recent years were from ABE, Ag Econ, Animal Sciences and Agronomy.
- 11. Will you be using Canvas? *Some Canvas (mainly for quizzes) + I'll setup a Dropbox folder for all materials.*
- 12. Does this class require a lot of work? This is a 3-credit graduate course. As such, expect to spend, on average about 10 hours of work per week outside of class (i.e., in addition to the lectures) in order to achieve course objectives. Students with deficiencies in prerequisites may need to spend more time.
- 13. I am an ECE/CISE graduate student. Do I need any additional exposure to probability and statistics (outside of traditional undergraduate training for students interested in data sciences within these majors)? You will need training similar to EEL3850 "Data Science for ECE" which is a prerequisite for EEE4773 "Fundamentals for ML" (an equivalent of EEL5840). A previous course in applied regression will be beneficial (for placing the ML methods we learn into the right perspective) but not required for understanding new topics presented.
- 14. How is SML different from the first ML courses in ECE (EEL5840) and CISE (CAP6610)? The mathematical level will be similar across the three courses (but you do not need Hilbert spaces). The emphasis of SML is more on statistically-grounded methods and less on code implementation (but there will still be a healthy amount of coding). Because of this, R language for statistical computing will be emphasized, although similar practicum will be also provided in Python. Lastly, despite quite a bit of (intentional) overlap of core topics, many advanced SML topics will be different. Because of the considerable overlap and similar levels, only this course (STA6703/EEL5934) or EEL5840 (but not both) will be counted for ECE students.
- 15. I am interested in taking this course in Fall 2022. Is "traditional classroom" the only option available? *Yes; I expect to teach fully offline unless there is a UF-sanctioned shift to teach fully online later during the semester*

- (e.g., due to COVID). To ensure that no student is left behind in case they need to miss lectures, I plan to fully video record all lectures and make them available to enrolled students.
- 16. I have read all of the above; how do I get a permission to join the course? After you register (open enrollment), you need to take a short pretest on the first day of the class. My expectation is that students with proper background will score 80% or higher. Scores <u>significantly below</u> this threshold will likely indicate significant gaps in the background inconsistent with achieving the SML course objectives; such students will be advised to complete proper remedial training prior to enrolling in the SML (or any other first ML) course.

SUPPLEMENT B. PREREQUISITES & MATERIALS FOR REVIEW:

The following background is necessary to fully benefit from this course: basic undergraduate quantitative training (multivariate calculus and basic matrix/linear algebra); exposure to calculus-based probability and statistics; experience reading and writing simple programs in a programming language (ideally, in R or Python); a course in applied statistics (recommended).

Due to multiple inquiries from prospective students, I will highlight and elaborate on the prerequisites necessary in order to prepare and fully benefit from my SML course. These are as follows:

- 1. Experience reading and writing simple computer programs in a scripting language (ideally, in R or Python). Some of these skills will come from an intro statistics course (e.g., loading and exporting data, using R as a scientific/graphical calculator, basic visualization) but it is also important to be familiar with (a little) more advanced topics such as basic data structures including vectors/arrays, matrices, lists and data frames (in R), for/while loops and how to write simple functions.
- 2. Basic undergraduate quantitative training (multivariate calculus and basic matrix/linear algebra). Although we'll be mainly using these tools for notational purposes, there is no way that one can understand statistics (modeling and estimation) without calculus, and linear regression (and its extensions) or the principal component analysis without linear algebra. If you need a refresher on multivariate calculus and basic linear algebra, completing the first two short courses on Coursera (as an auditor, free so long as certificates are not needed) for "Mathematics for ML" specialization (link below) was found helpful by other students. https://www.coursera.org/specializations/mathematics-machine-learning
- 3. Exposure to calculus-based probability and statistics; the keyword here is "calculus-based". There will be a brief review of these topics but it won't be sufficient or aim at teaching these topics from scratch. If you have not had such a course and your plan of studies allows for this, I would recommend taking EGN 6446: Mathematical Foundations for Applied Data Science or STA5325/STA5328 prior to taking the SML course. Essential knowledge is covered in the Coursera courses #1 and #2 (hypothesis testing) in the specialization https://www.coursera.org/specializations/advanced-statistics-data-science
- 4. A recent first graduate statistical methods class (such as STA6093 or STA6166), or equivalent knowledge. This course is no longer a hard requirement, but rather a strong recommendation. You will likely find the SML course more useful once you have mastered applied regression first. Essential knowledge is covered in the Coursera courses #3 and #4 in the specialization

https://www.coursera.org/specializations/advanced-statistics-data-science

SUPPLEMENT C. PROJECT DESCRIPTION (tentative, will be finalized in class)

The project will emphasize creative application of the methods developed in the course. Ideally, the application would be to your line of research and data (your own or of your immediate collaborators - advisor or fellow students). If you do not have suitable data, please check out the sources at the end of this description for the publicly available datasets. Otherwise, a good project could be a replication and extension of the results of a paper of interest that uses the methods from our course. "Creative application" does not allow merely running someone else's code without making other contributions. **Plagiarism is totally inappropriate and prohibited (just do not** do it): it will result in a failing grade for the course. Course staff will run all project reports through UF Ithenticate. All work should be done individually (unless explicitly permitted by the instructor - for more **ambitious projects).** Projects already completed for other classes/causes are not acceptable. Example 1 unacceptable: in a previous semester, a student wrote a paper for a journal or did a project for a different class, and now wants to submit it without major changes or additional SML type of work as the SML class project. Example 2 acceptable: in a previous semester, a student wrote a paper for a journal or did a project for a different class, but wants to do a major extension of the work using the techniques learned in the SML class. This would make a potentially very good project, but the student needs to be explicit about what is new and what not. Only the new work will constitute the course project in this case. The project will be used to assess the knowledge and skills that students acquired in the course; for that reason, the work must be done individually and without assistance from the course staff.

Deliverables: a one-page proposal, a short technical report and a short presentation as described below.

Deadlines: tentative and will be revised and announced appropriately each year

(TBA; tentatively, mid-November): submit your proposal by email to the instructor, so that we can meet on asap during the class time (individual slots TBA after your proposals have been received).

(TBA; tentatively, last week of classes): project presentations (as appropriate)

(TBA; tentatively, early during the exams week): final report (in pdf format, accompanying code and the actual data that you used, if using a publicly available source; put all in a folder named after you and create a zip or rar archive; test archive before submitting), submit using Dropbox file request – link to be provided in class.

Expectations for the proposal (1 page):

The main goal behind the proposals is to ensure that the projects are neither too simple nor too ambitious (i.e., will require about 30 hours to complete – loosely, an equivalent of 3-4 weeks of homework effort, where writing will play a significant role), there is no duplication among students and that you have the necessary relatively clean data to analyze. Please specifically discuss what you propose to do (e.g., "big picture" and specific methods), why you focus on this particular problem (significance, motivation and relevance to the course) and available data (specifically, what are primary response variable(s) and features, what are n and p, etc). Your project should be "shovel ready", i.e., a bit of data preprocessing may be necessary but you should not be spending more than 20% (ideally, 10%) of your total time budget on cleaning and data manipulation. The typesetting format of the proposal should be the same as for the project (please read below).

Expectations for the report (8 pages):

Report should be organized as a short paper appropriate to your field; e.g., a short abstract (100 words), intro (including motivation), background and data, methods, analysis/results, conclusions/discussion. *Any software/languages/environments may be used for the project (i.e., not necessarily R). In most cases, the project should use several classes of methods (multiple linear regression or logistic regression as the baseline – possibly coupled with variable selection; at least one shrinkage method (if p is high) and/or a GAM (if p is low), and a tree-based ensemble method, typically, random forest (and definitely discuss variable importance summaries that may be extracted from it) and possibly boosting (because it is often the best method), ideally both) for classification or regression and examine out-of-sample performance of the methods using K-fold cross-validation. If you are doing binary classification, please additionally include and discuss the ROC curves. If doing non-binary classification, please showcase a binary classification subproblem and include and discuss the ROC curves. The length is about 8 pages (not counting references, appendices or supplements) double-spaced, using 12 pt font: roughly 6 pages of text and 2 pages for your most essential tables and figures; single-column only. If necessary, the paper may have an Appendix with additional figures and tables. Data, code and other supplemental information should be made available as part of "Supplementary Materials" unless the data are confidential (please discuss "deliverables" in the proposal). Please check out the project evaluation rubric in a separate file.*

Expectations for the presentation:

Presentation should reflect a typical conference-style contributed talk (based on a short deck of slides that a student would prepare) that runs for 10-12 minutes, potentially followed by 3-5 minutes of questions/discussion. Depending on the year and the course, these would be either recorded in advance (by a student) or delivered synchronously. Regardless of the format, the presentations emphasize "live speech" rather than reading from a prompt.

Some sources of data for projects:

Google search "data for machine learning", e.g.,

UCI ML Repository

http://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/

Kaggle Competitions

https://www.kaggle.com/datasets

PLOS One journal website

read info about data availability in papers of interest and at http://journals.plos.org/plosone/s/data-availability