

Control Technologies to Reduce Residential Irrigation Water Application



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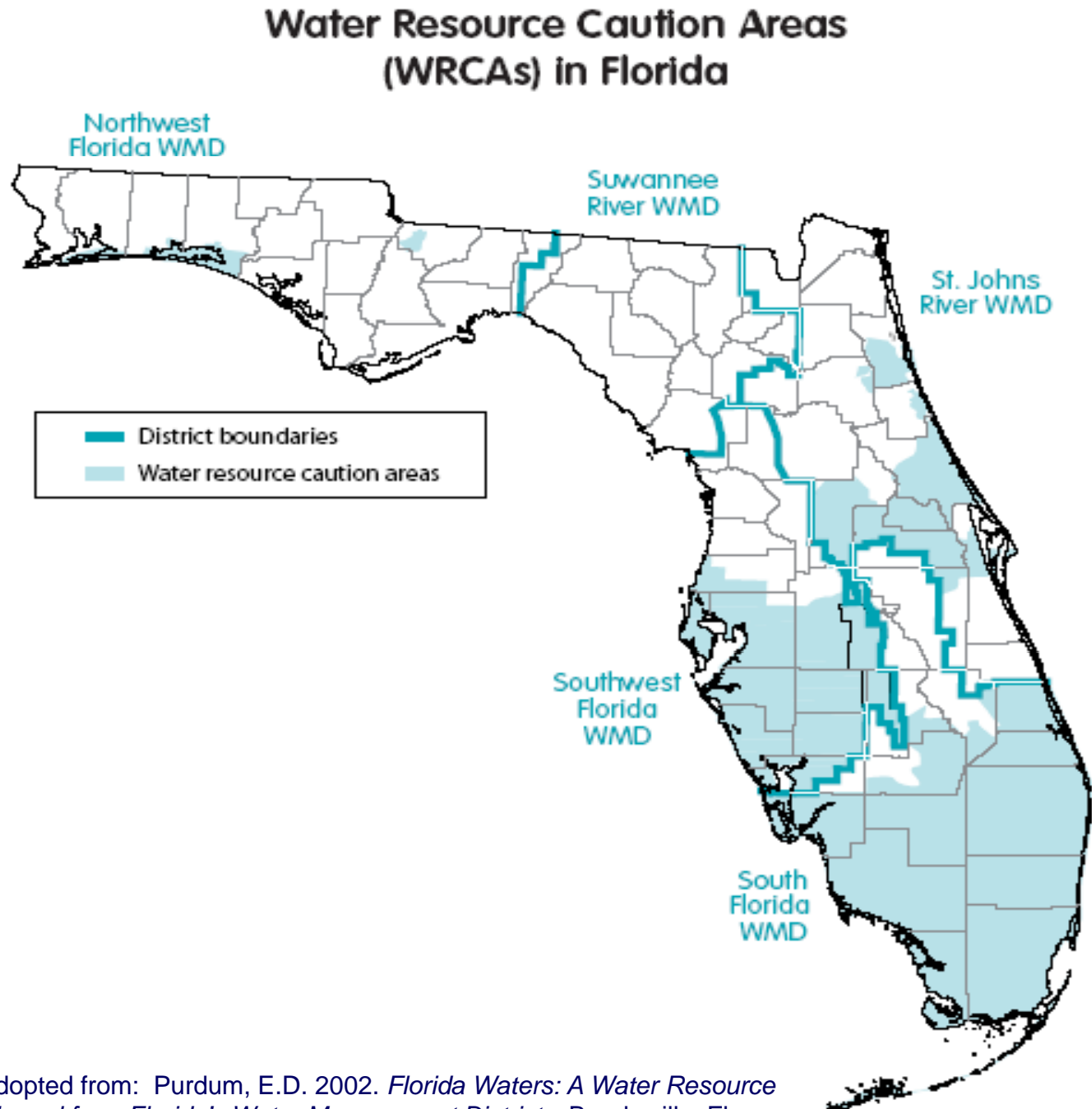


Background

- **Population served by public supply**
 - 5.4 million 1970
 - 17 million 2004
 - 20 million 2020
- **11% U.S. new home construction in FL**
- **+ ~1,000 people/day**
- **FL uses the most groundwater in the U.S.**
- **Most new homes in FL include irrigation**
- **~60% household water use for irrigation**
- **High quality landscapes and low water holding capacity**

Florida's Water Crisis

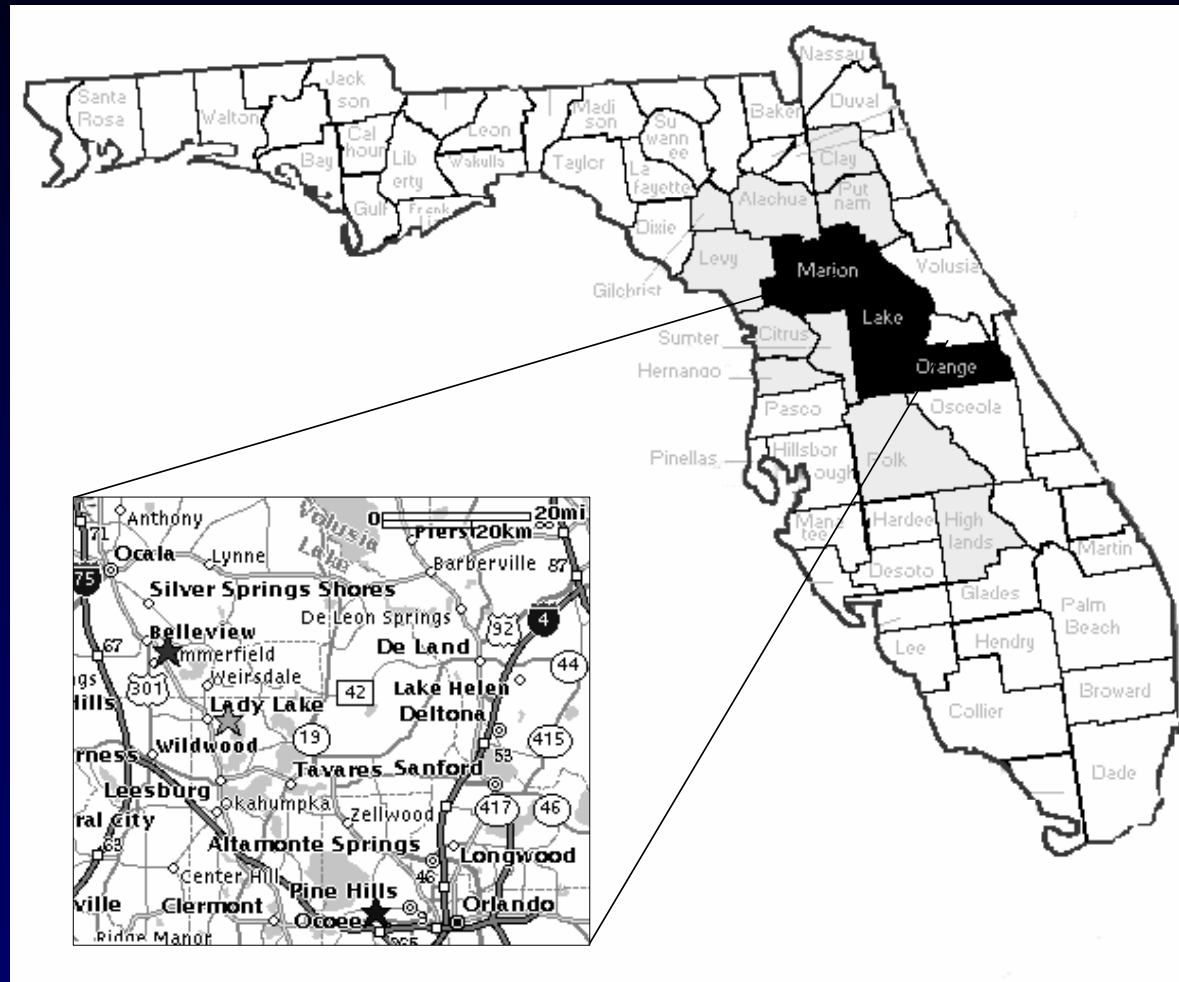
Water Resource Caution Areas: places where water is either scarce or contaminated as defined by Florida's Water Management Districts



Adopted from: Purdum, E.D. 2002. *Florida Waters: A Water Resource Manual from Florida's Water Management Districts*. Brooksville, FL.

SJRWMD Residential Irrigation Study

- Homeowners asked to volunteer at a series of workshops
- Nine cooperators recruited in each of three counties in Central Florida
- Nine homes randomly divided into three groups with three replications



T1



T1 = Existing landscape and irrigation,
only monitored

T2



T2 = T1 landscape, reduced irrigation schedule

T3



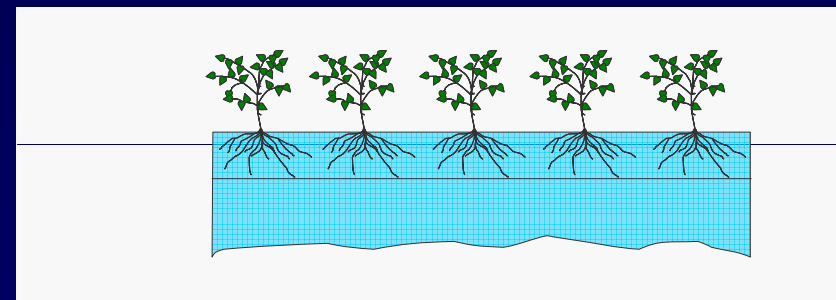
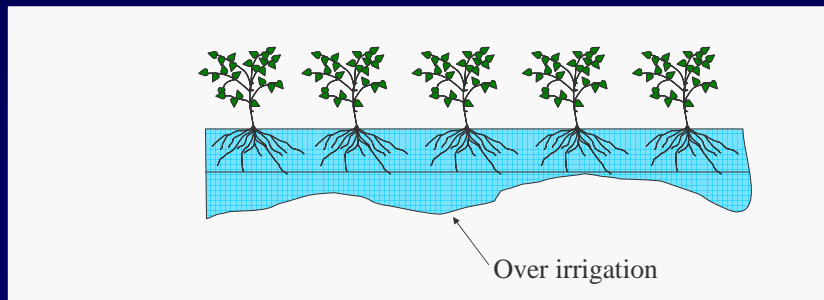
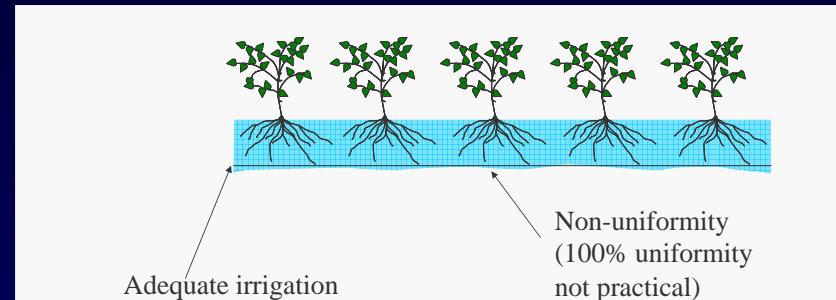
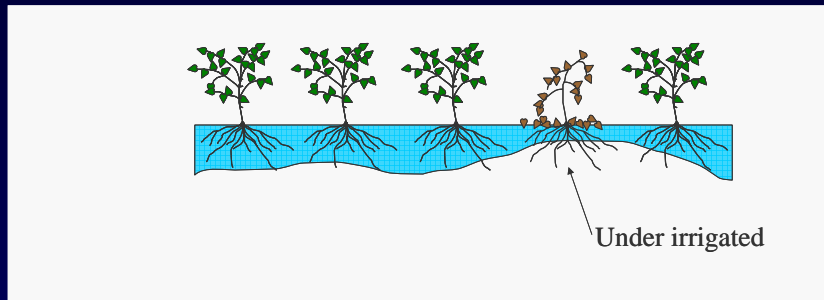
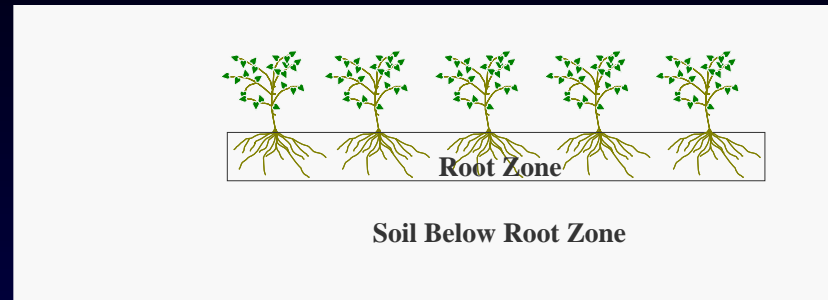
T3 = T2 irrigation
schedule + 65%
microirrigated
ornamentals



Data Collection & Monitoring



Potential Uniformity Impact



Narrow Areas



Microirrigation in Narrow Areas



Improper Coverage

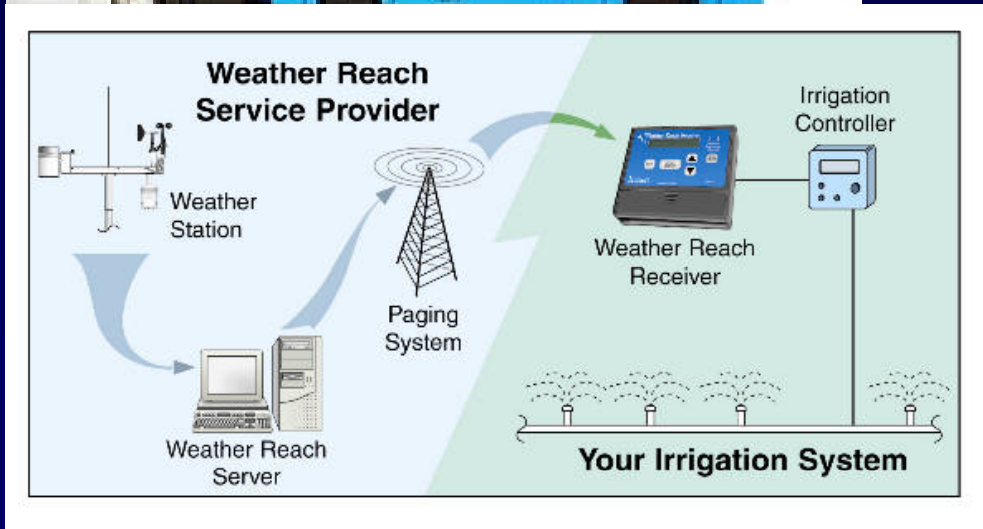


Irrigation Water Use - Conclusions

- Despite “low uniformity”, turf quality similar across homes in most seasons
- Significant reductions in water use (20% and 40%) can be achieved by irrigation scheduling (T2) and scheduling + landscape changes (T3)

Sensor Based Irrigation

Soil moisture sensors (SMS)



Evapotranspiration (ET) based controllers

SMS Experimental Design

- 1 d/wk four brands SMS
- 2 d/wk four brands SMS
- 7 d/wk four brands SMS

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- **Time 2 d/wk with rain sensor**

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- Time 2 d/wk with rain sensor
- 60% of time 2 d/wk with rain sensor

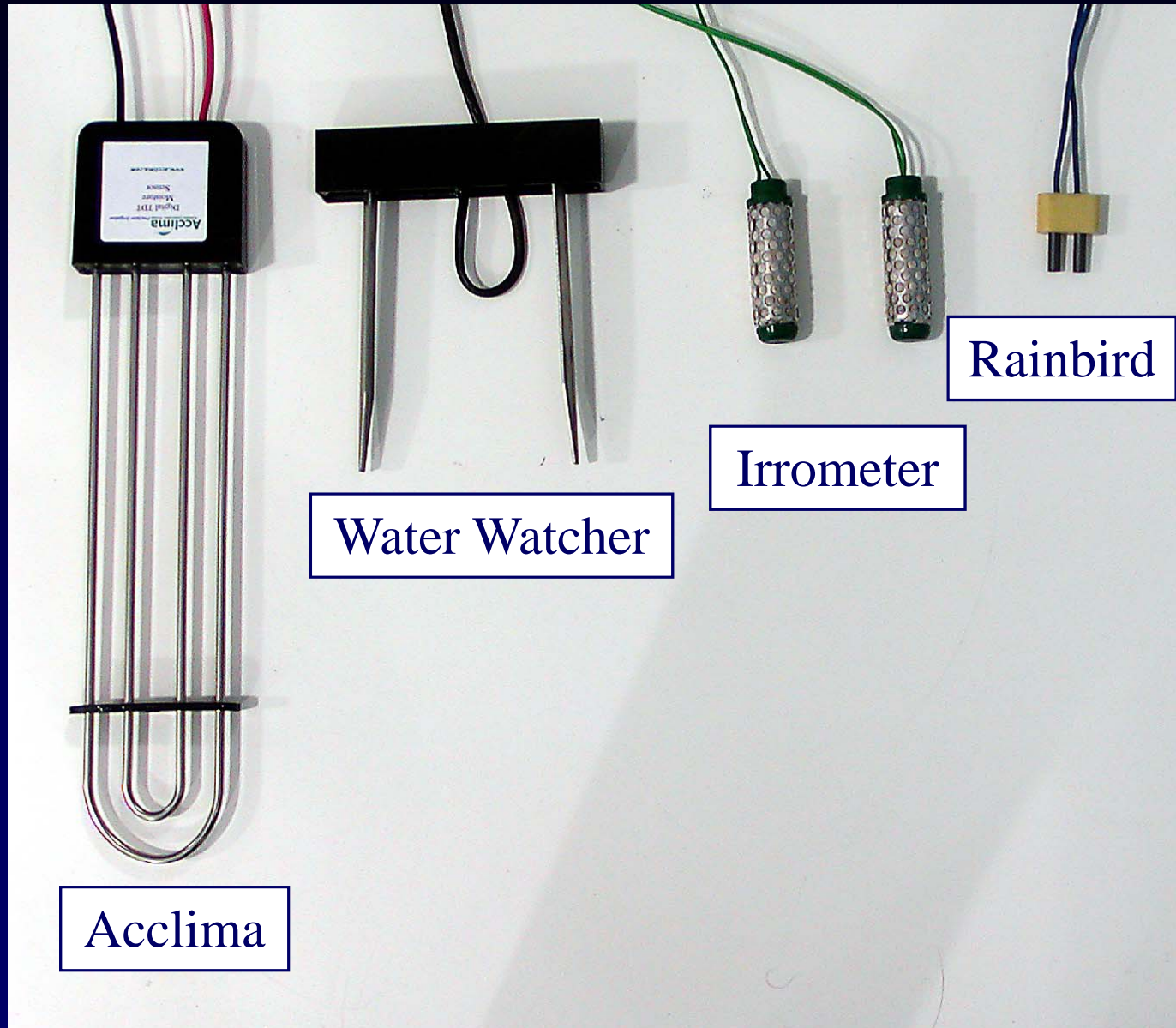
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- Time 2 d/wk with rain sensor
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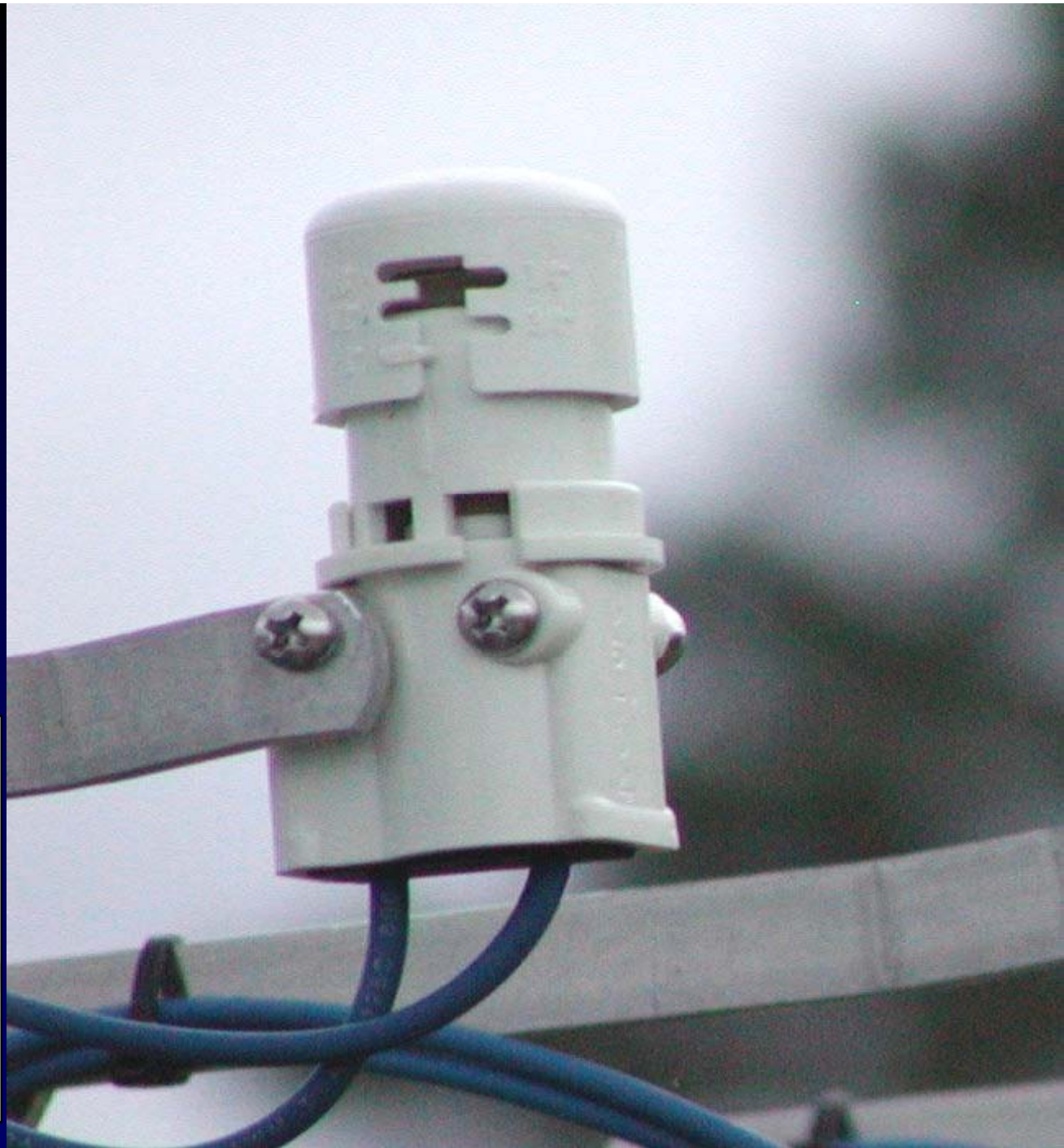
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- Time 2 d/wk with rain sensor
- 60% of time 2 d/wk with rain sensor
- Time 2 d/wk without rain sensor
- **Non-irrigated**

Soil Moisture Control Sensors



Rain sensor

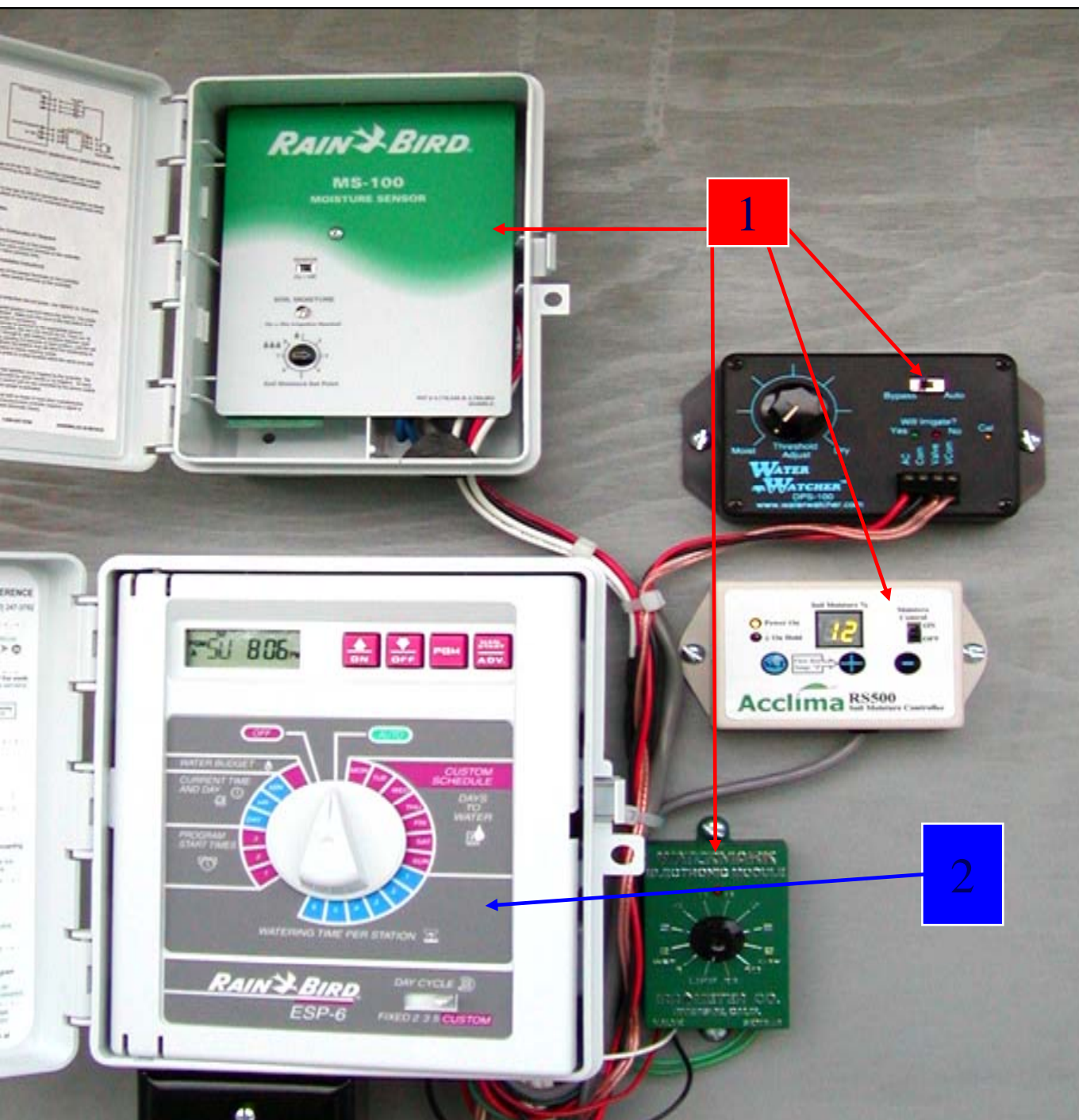


Individual Plot Control



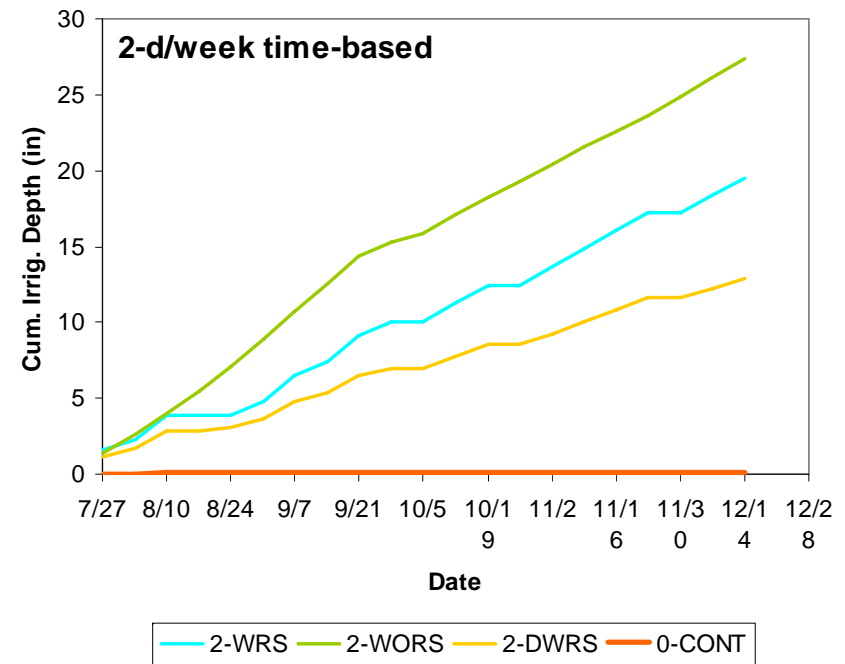
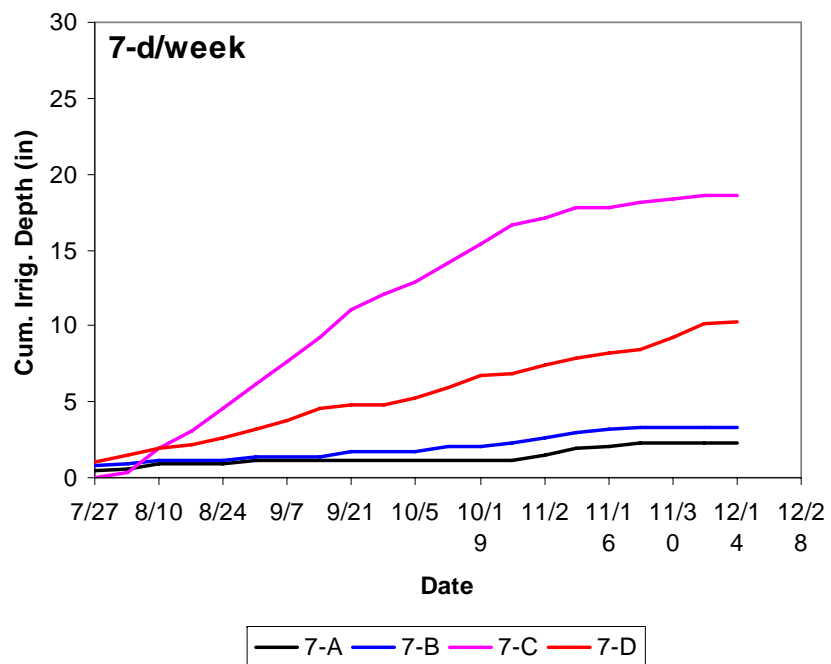
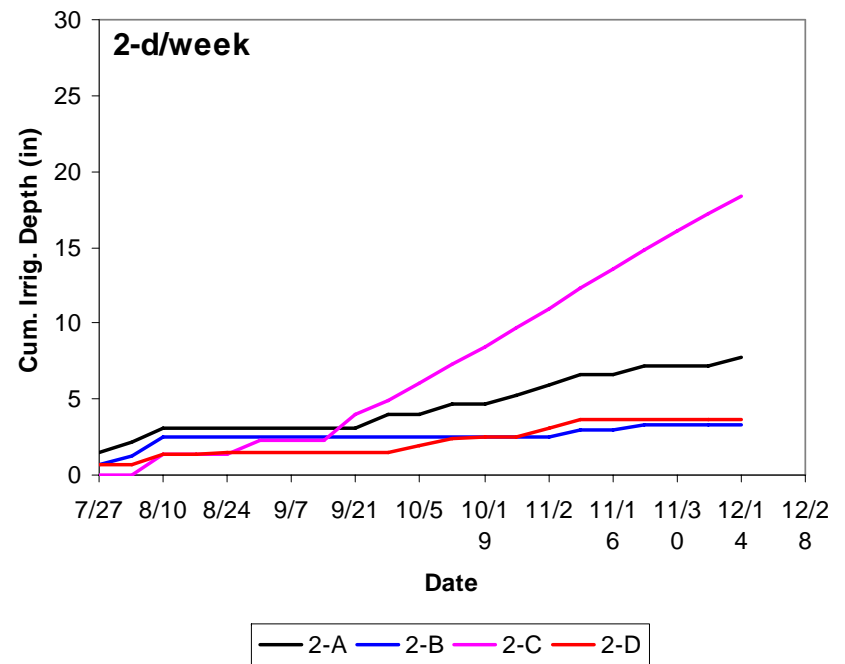
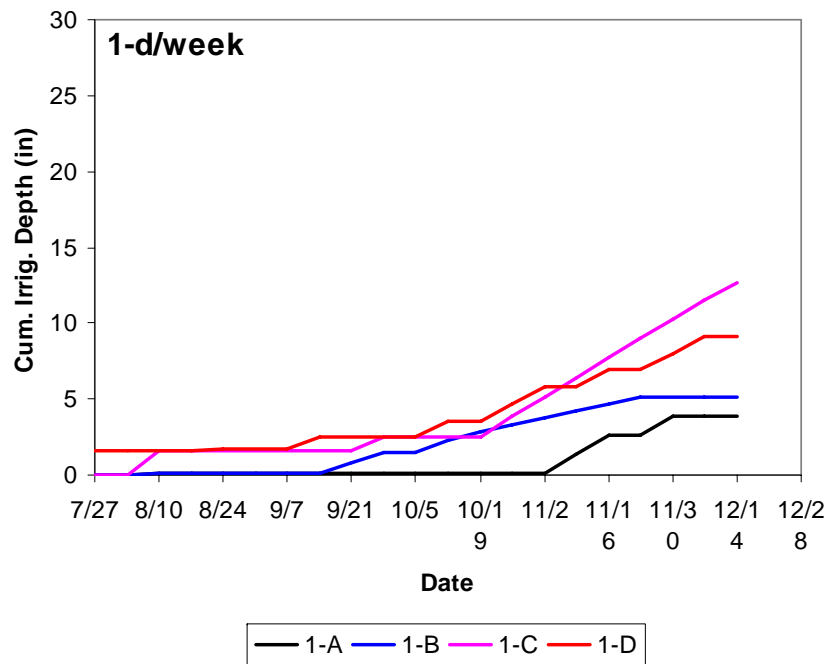
Control Panel





**1: Sensor
Controllers**

2: Timer



TIME vs. SMS Control

Treatment	TOTAL (in)*	Savings compared to 2- WRS (%)
2-WRS	18.9 <i>b</i>	0
2-WORS	27.4 <i>a</i>	- 45
2-DWRS	12.2 <i>c</i>	36
Sms Avg	8.1 <i>c</i>	57

* P<0.05

WRS = With Rain Sensor

DWRS = 60% Deficit With Rain Sensor

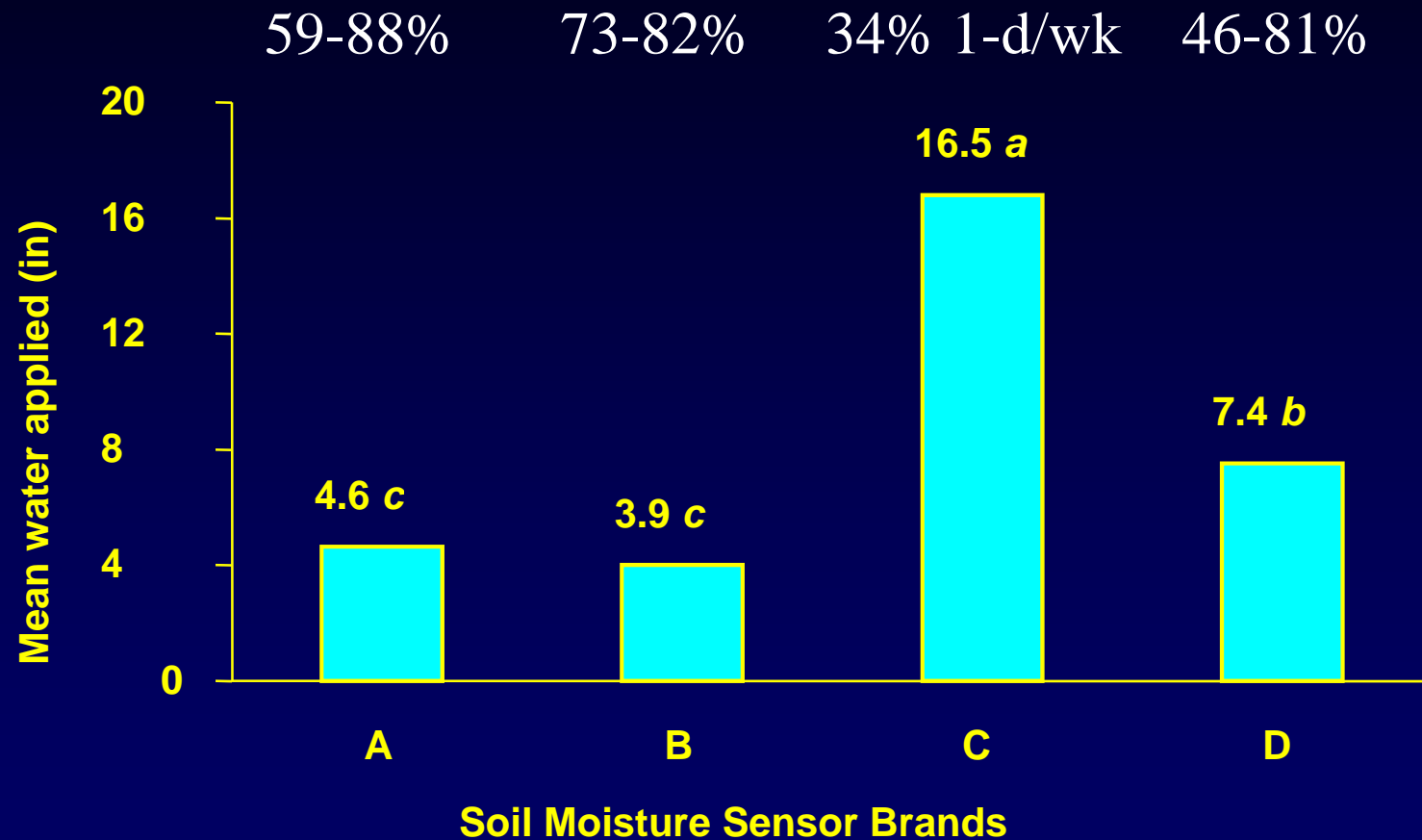
Avg = Average

WORS = Without Rain Sensor

Sms = Soil Moisture Sensors

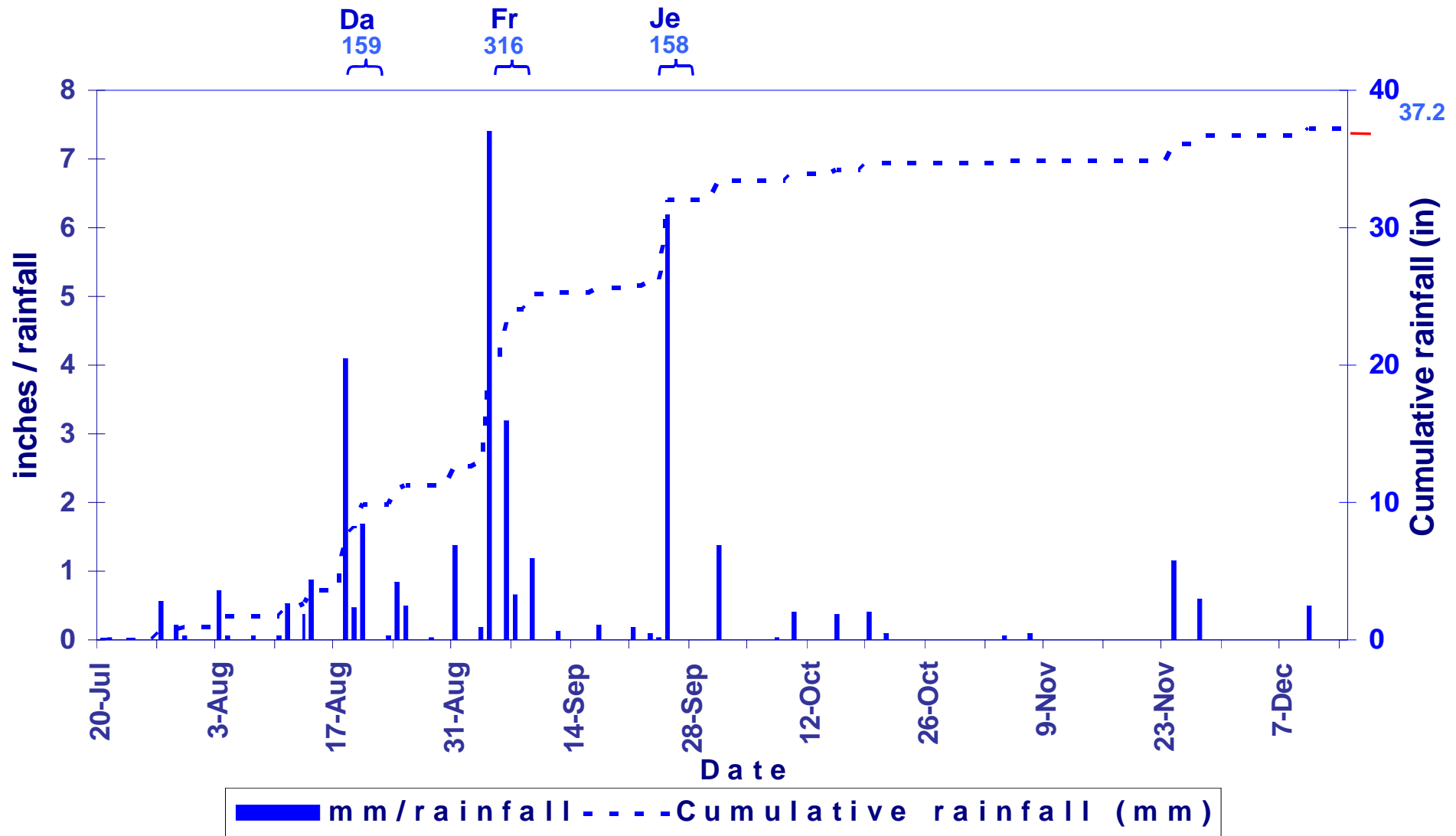
SMS Brand Comparison

Reduction
compared to
2WRS



$P < 0.05$

Rainfall per Event and Cumulative Rainfall



Total 37.2 in **T.S. Danielle 6.2 in** **H. Frances 12.4 in**
H. Jeanne 6.2 in **67% of total**

SMS Irrigation - Conclusions

- No significant differences in turfgrass quality among treatments detected.
- WORS 45% > WRS → importance of rain sensor
- SMS savings 59-88% (excluding brand C)

Further Research

- **SMS on homes**
 - 64 homes Pinellas Co.
 - 16 SMS
 - 16 control
 - 16 rain sensors
 - 16 educational materials
- **ET controllers**
- Phase I, “Landscape” plots
- Gulf Coast REC, Hillsborough Co.
- Phase II, 40-50 homes Hillsborough Co.



Real World Application

- Majority of new homes have automatic irrigation
- SW FL landscape ordinance
 - Pasco Co.: 50% of green space can be sprinkler irrigated
 - “...compliance with the ordinances was found to be minimal...”
 - 69% green space irrigated with sprinkler

Lake Jovita

- Pasco Co. ordinance variance
- Full landscape irrigation if controlled with SMS
- ~400 homes in Lake Jovita currently
- 5 homes/month completed
- Historical water use since May 2001
- New homes since early 2006 will have SMS control

Source	Irrig. Applied (mm/month)	Irrig. Applied (in/month)	Compared to Theoretical
AWWA	77	3.0	+60%
SJRWMD	Dukes, Miller, Haley, 2005		
T1	141	5.6	+194%
T2	93	3.7	+94%
T3	80	3.1	+67%
SWFWMD-SMS	Dukes, Miller Cardenas, 2005		
2-WORS	155	6.1	+223%
2-WRS	107	4.2	+123%
2-DWRS	69	2.7	+44%
SMS_{avg} (2004-05)	46	1.8	0%
Theoretical	48	1.9	0%

Questions?

Thank you!

**SJRWMD, SWFWMD, FDACS, Hillsborough Co. Water
Dept., FTGA, FNGLA**

**Melissa Haley, Berndardo Cardenas, Larry Miller, Danny
Burch, Numerous undergrad and graduate students**

**www.ifas.ufl.edu
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