

# Evaluating Machine Learning Techniques for Estimating Nutrient Concentrations in Streams and Hydroponic Systems based on UV-Vis Absorption Spectroscopy

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## Introduction

### Water Analysis Challenges

- Knowledge gained is limited by spatiotemporal data resolution. Yet,
  - Watersheds must be managed for a variety of land uses
  - Food production systems must be managed under uncertain conditions.

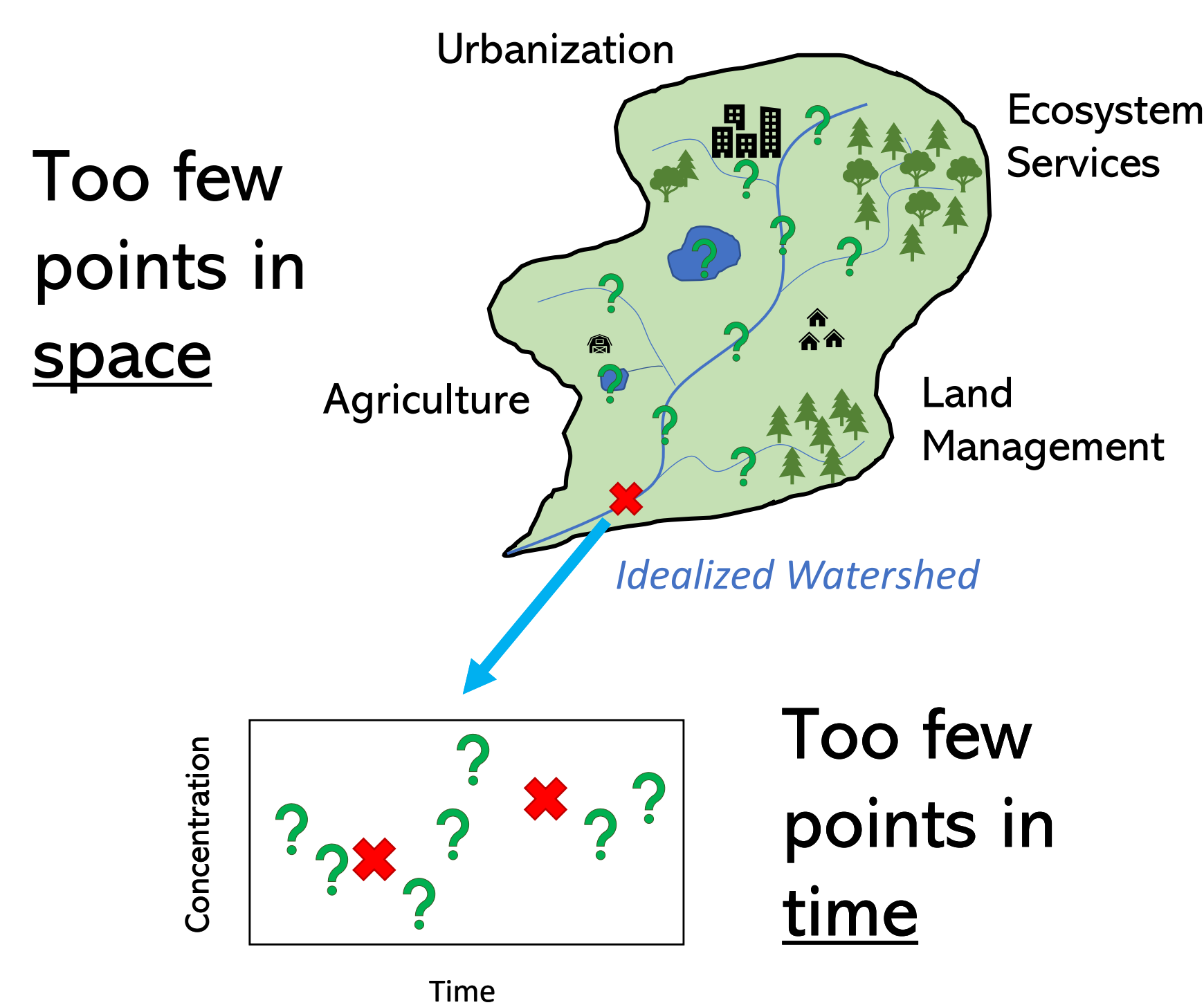


Figure 1. Illustration of insufficient spatiotemporal resolution

*“The collection of high frequency water quality data is key to making the next leap in hydrological and biogeochemical sciences.”<sup>1</sup>*

### Water Analysis Techniques

- There is a variety of techniques for collecting water quality data.
- UV-Visible absorption spectroscopy (UVAS) is a promising water analysis method for increasing spatiotemporal resolution.

Table 1. Comparison of common methods for water analysis.

	GS-LA	ISEs	UVAS
Temporal Resolution	Low - Moderate	High	Low - High
Number of Parameters	High	Low	Low - High
Cost	High	Moderate	Moderate - High
Labor	High	Low - Moderate	Low - Moderate
Technical Difficulty	Moderate - High	Low - Moderate	Low - Moderate

*“...facile portable data logging devices easy to be carried and handled for quantitative on-site optical analysis should be developed as the alternative platforms for...monitoring [of environmental contaminants].”<sup>2</sup>*

## Experimental Methods

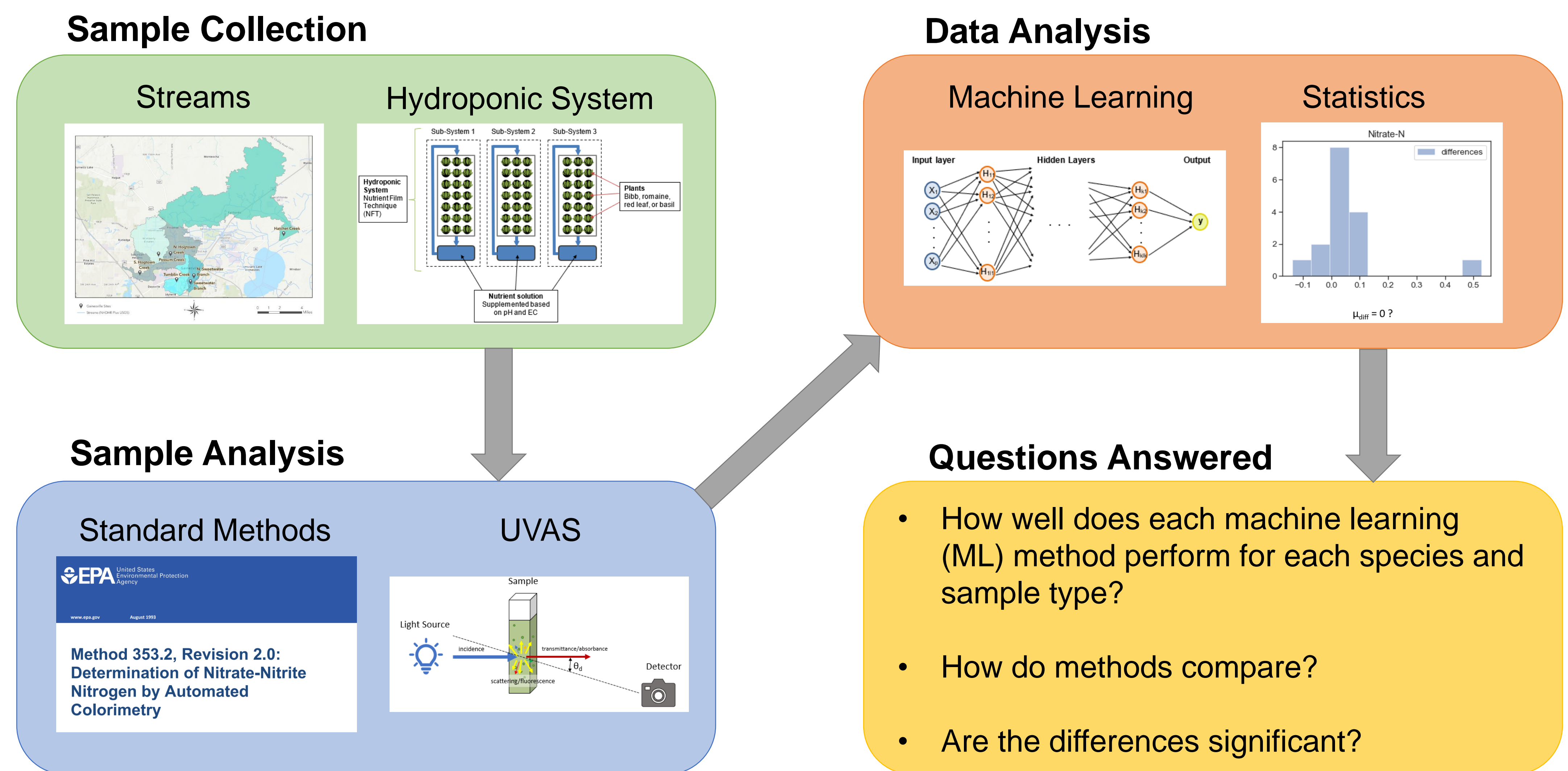


Figure 2. Outline of procedures.

## Results - Streams

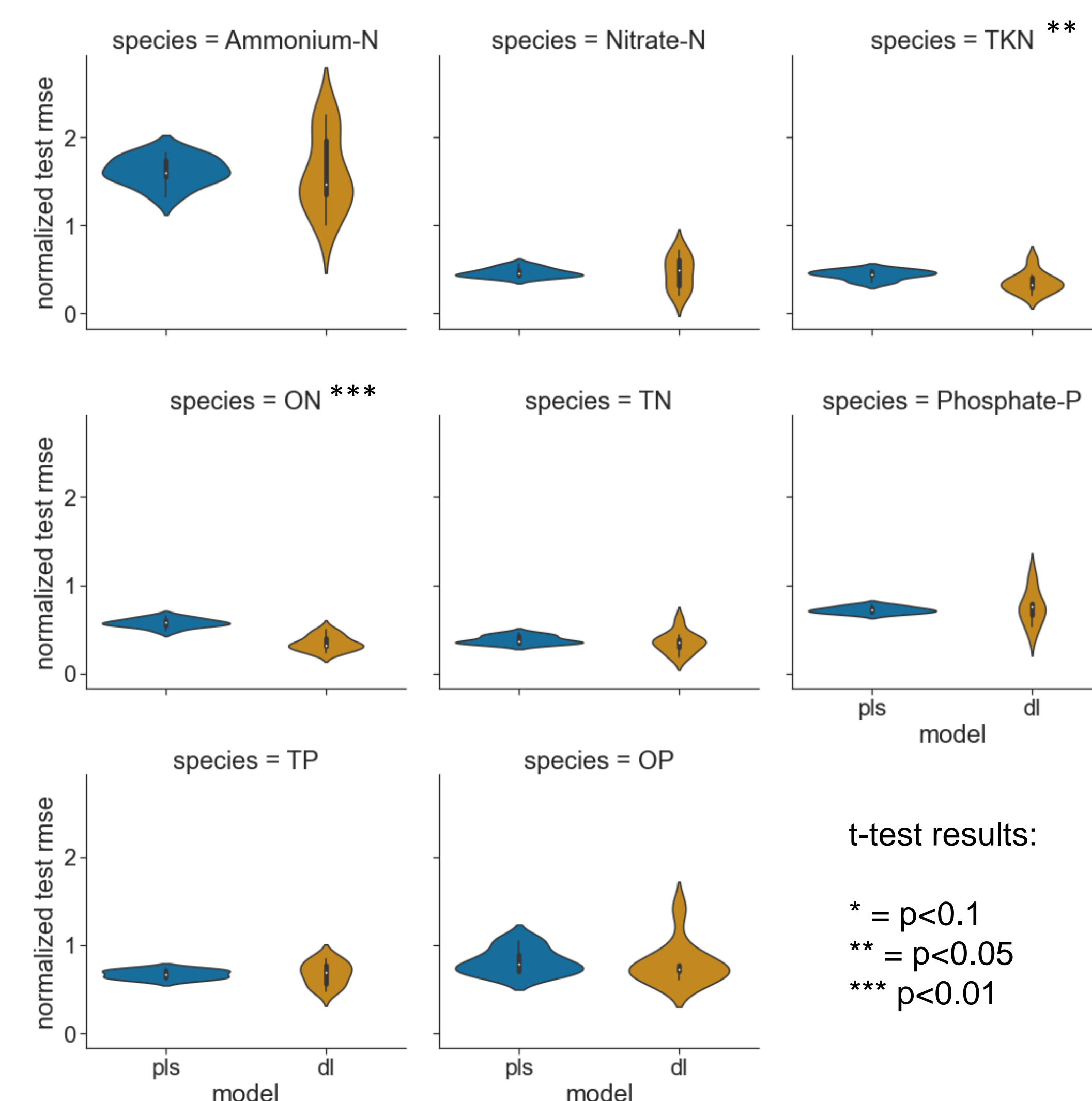


Figure 3. Normalized test root mean square errors for stream samples separated by solute and ML model.

## Results - Hydroponics

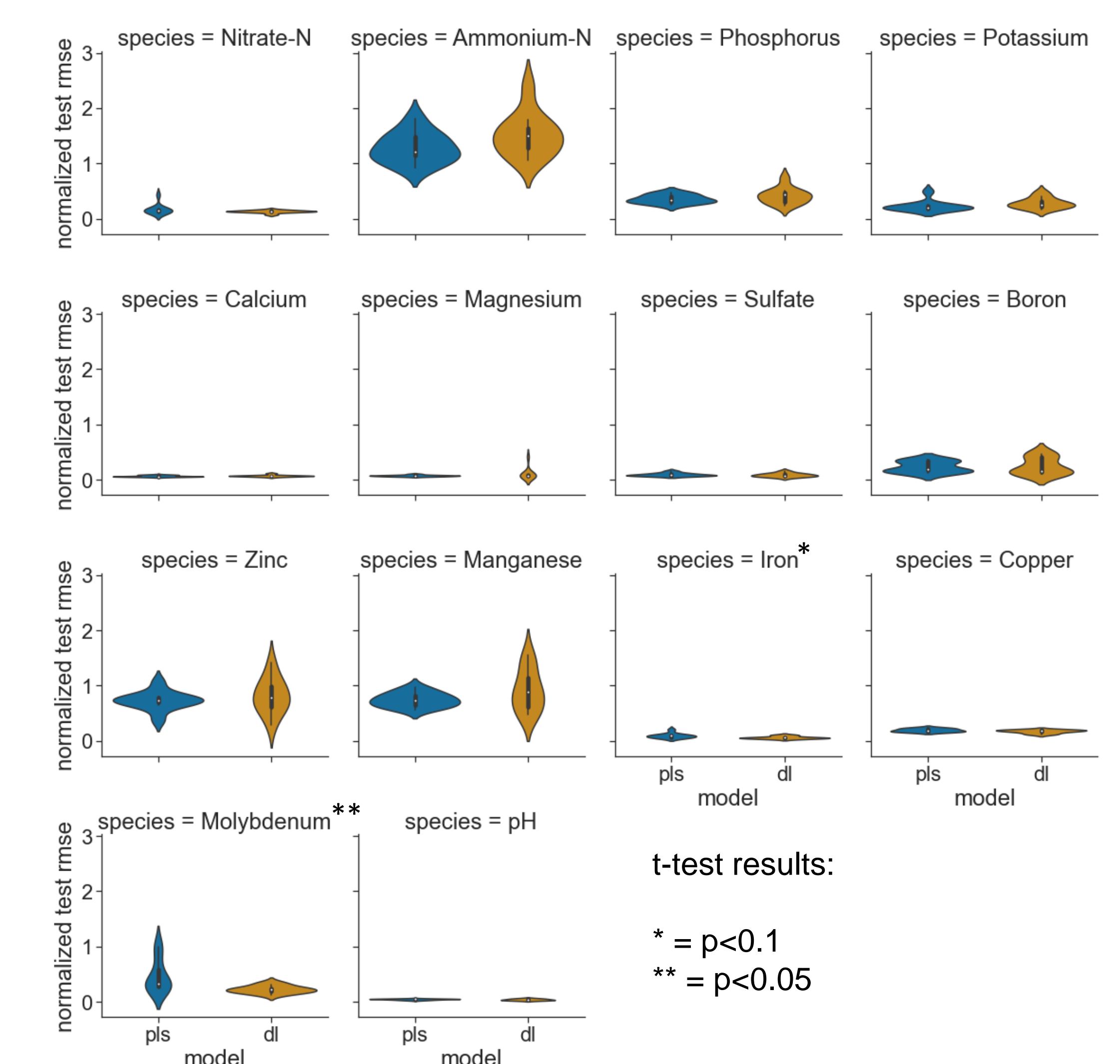


Figure 4. Normalized test root mean square errors for hydroponic samples separated by solute and ML model.

## References

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- Huang, Y., Wang, X., Xiang, W., Wang, T., Otis, C., Sarge, L., ... & Li, B. (2022). Forward-Looking Roadmaps for Long-Term Continuous Water Quality Monitoring: Bottlenecks, Innovations, and Prospects in a Critical Review. *Environmental Science & Technology*, 56(9), 5334-5354.

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